

8500062

THE UNITED SHATES OF ANTERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHAM COME:
Furdue University Agricultural
Experiment Station and USBA-ARS
Whereas, there has been presented to the

Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED NOVEL VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF eighteen YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, [THE RIGHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR IMPORTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT RIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT.

E UNITED STATES SEED OF THIS VARIETY (1) SHALL BE SOLD BY VARIETY NAME ONLY AS SOF CERTIFIED SEED AND (2) SHALL CONFORM TO THE NUMBER OF GENERATIONS BY THE OWNER OF THE RIGHTS. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

(*Waived, except that this waiver shall not apply to breeder seed, foundation seed, labeling requirements, and blending limitations.)

WHEAT

'Adder'

In Testimony Winercot, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Plant Variety Brotection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D. C. this 31st day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand nine

hundred and eighty-eight.

Jula of E, Tyry Secretary of Agriculture

Mosk.

Cenneth HErand

Plant Variety Protection Office Agricultural Marketing Service

			1		OVAL EXPIRES 4-30-85		
U.S. DEPARTMENT AGRICULTURAL M			D: OMB NO. 0581-0055				
LIVESTOCK, MEAT, G	if a pi	ant variety p	rotection certificate is to				
APPLICATION FOR PLANT VAR	IETY PROTE	CTION CERTIFICATE	4		. 2421). Information is		
(Instruction	s on reverse)		.,	s.C. 2426).			
1. NAME OF APPLICANT(S)		2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION	3. V	ARIETY NA	VIE		
Director, Purdue Univ. Agric.							
Experiment Station and ARS-USD		IN74141A10-5-4-2	L A	<u>lder</u>			
4. ADDRESS (Street and No. or R.F.D. No., City, Sta	ite, and Zip Code)	5. PHONE (Include area code)	CVIDE	FOR OFFIC	HAL USE ONLY		
Purdue University	•	217 404 0200	PVFC	NOMBER			
West, Lafayette, In 47907		317-494-8360		850	00062		
6. GENUS AND SPECIES NAME	7. FAMILY NA	ME (Botanical)	╂	DATE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
O. OEROS ARD SECULO MARKE	/. FAMIL: NO	·	NS.	2/7,	/85		
Triticum aestivum	Gramine	ae	FILING	TIME			
1110100111 000011011		•	"	2:30) A,M, P.M.		
8. KIND NAME	9.	DATE OF DETERMINATION		1	OR FILING		
			9	<u>s</u> 1,80)()		
Wheat		July 26, 1984	≥	DATE	/OE •		
			RECEIVED	. 2/7/			
10. IF THE APPLICANT NAMED IS NOT A "PERSO partnership, association, etc.)	ON," GIVE FORM	OF ORGANIZATION (Corporation,		1 .	FOR CERTIFICATE		
partnersiip, association, etc.)			EES	s 2000	~ <u> </u>		
Agricultural Experiment Statio	n		"	DATE	19.1988		
			12 5	12. DATE OF INCORPORATION			
11. IF INCORPORATED, GIVE STATE OF INCORP			1 -	1889	CORFORATION		
Established by Federal Law (Ha	SENATIVE(S) I	E ANY TO SERVE IN THIS APPLIC			IVE ALL PAPERS		
Purdue University Agricultural West Lafayette, IN 47907							
14. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX FOR EACH ATTA							
Exhibit A, Origin and Breeding History of the Section 52 of the Plant Variety Protection A	he Variety (See lct.)	c. Exhibit C, Objective I from Plant Variety Pr	Descript otection	tion of the Vi	ariety (Request form		
b. XX Exhibit B, Novelty Statement	and the second	d. XX Exhibit D, Additional	5 <i>6</i> 6	EXHLBE	T A.		
15. DOES THE APPLICANT(S) SPECIFY THAT SEE	D OF THIS VAR	HETY BE SOLD BY VARIETY NAM	E ONL	Y AS A CLA	SS OF CERTIFIED		
SEED? (See Section 83(a) of the Plant Variety Pr		Yes (If "Yes," answer					
16. DOES THE APPLICANT(S) SPECIFY THAT TH LIMITED AS TO NUMBER OF GENERATIONS	IS VARIETY BE ?	17. IF "YES" TO ITEM 16, BEYOND BREEDER SE	WHICH ED?	CLASSES C	PRODUCTION		
XX Yes No		XX Foundation	XX F	egistered	XX Certified		
18. DID THE APPLICANT(S) FILE FOR PROTECT	ION OF THE VA	RIETY IN THE U.S.?		بندر	Yes (If "Yes," give date)		
		•		KX	this application		
		•					
					No .		
19. HAS THE VARIETY BEEN OFFERED FOR SA	LE OR MARKETI	ED IN THE U.S. OR OTHER COUNT	'RIES?		Yes (If "Yes," give names of countries and dates)		
				K XI	No		
20. The applicant(s) declare(s) that a viable sam plenished upon request in accordance with s	ple of basic seed	ds of this variety will be furnishe as may be applicable.	d with	1.1	ation and will be re-		
The undersigned applicant(s) is (are) the ow distinct, uniform, and stable as required in S Variety Protection Act.	ner(s) of this se	xually reproduced novel plant va	riety, ie prov	and believe visions of So	(s) that the variety is ection 42 of the Plant		
Applicant(s) is (are) informed that false rep	resentation here	in can jeopardize protection and	result	in penaltie	S		

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT

1

14A. Exhibit A, Origin and Breeding History of the Variety

Adder (PI 491,396) was developed by the Purdue University Agricultural Experiment Station in cooperation with ARS, US Department of Agriculture. The parentage of Adder is Abe/3/Redcoat//Knox 62 sib/Dular/4/Knox// Centenario/Rio Negro/3/Riley sib/5/Abe/Caldwell sib. Adder was tested as IN 74141A10-5-4-2 before naming.

Following the last cross the new variety was developed by a modified pedigree method of breeding. Individual plants were selected in the F_1 , F_2 , F_3 , and F_4 generations. Single plant progeny rows were selected in F_8 . Thirty seven of 100 progeny rows with a 0 to trace reaction to powdery mildew versus those with 0 to 5% or 5% powdery mildew; resistance to leaf rust; and uniform in plant type were composited for breeder seed. In 1984 a few plants with brown glumes (dominant character) were rogued out of the breeder seed lot. Breeder seed was in the F_{11} generation of selfing in 1984.

Adder has been tested for performance in advanced nursery yield trials for 5 years, 1980-1984 (Table 1); in intra-state field plots for 4 years, 1981-1984 (Tables 2 to 5); and in the regional Uniform Eastern Soft Red Winter Wheat Performance Nurseries for 3 years, 1982-1984. It has been tested in disease nurseries and for reaction to the Hessian fly since 1978. Adder has been tested for soft wheat milling and baking qualities since 1979.

We consider Adder to be true breeding.

14B. Exhibit B, Novelty Statement

Adder is most similar to Auburn for general plant type, disease resistances and winter hardiness. However, Adder is 3 to 4 inches shorter and kernels of Adder average 3 g/1000 heavier than those of Auburn. Adder is moderately resistant to soil-borne mosaic and wheat spindle streak mosaic, Auburn is moderately susceptible to these viruses. Adder has a snaky peduncle and Auburn has a straight peduncle.

14B. Exhibit B, Novelty Statement

Adder is a soft red winter wheat with a unique combination of plant characters and disease and Hessian fly resistances. Its most obvious unique plant characters inleude short culms, snaky neck (peduncle), awnlets which are long in the upper portion of the spikes, and moderately large seed. It has the H6 gene for resistance to the Hessian fly.

Adder is moderately resistant to the virus diseases soil-borne mosaic, yellow dwarf, and wheat spindle streak mosaic (Table 6). In the adult plant stage it is moderately resistant to septoria leaf blotch (Table 7) and to leaf rust occurring naturally at Lafayette, Indiana including races of Puccinia recondita virulent on the $\underline{\text{Lr9}}$ source of resistance from the germplasm line Transfer (Table 8). It is moderate in reaction to the Rhizoctonia and take-all root rots (Tables 10 and 11).

Adder has good milling and baking qualities (Table 12).

The novelty of Adder can be established by comparing the variety with other varieties with the H6 gene for resistance to the Hessian fly. Adder is shorter in culm length than Knox 62, Caldwell, Auburn, or Fillmore. It has yellow glumes whereas Compton has brown glumes. Adder has a pronounced snaky neck whereas Auburn has a slight snakiness of neck and the other above varieties have straight necks. Adder has numerous (averaging 8 to 10) long tip awnlets generally averaging about 3 to 4 cm in length. Other varieties with the H6 gene have few or no long tip awnlets. Adder has larger kernel size than Caldwell or Auburn. Adder differs from other varieties, which have the H6 gene for resistance to Hessian fly, in reaction to one or more diseases.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE
LIVESTOCK, MEAT, GRAIN AND SEED DIVISION
BELTSVILLE, MARYLAND 20785
OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY

EXHIBIT C (Wheat)

The state of the s	TICUM SPP.)	
NAME OF APPLICANT(S)		FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Director, Purdue Univ. Agric. Experiment St. ADDRESS (Street and No. or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP Code)	tion PVPC	**************************************
West Lafayette IN 47906	VARI	ETY NAME OR TEMPORARY SNATION
		dder
Place the appropriate number that describes the varietal character. Place a zero in first box (e.g. 089 or 09) when number	r of this variety in the boxe is either 99 or less or 9 or	s below. less.
1. KIND:		
1 1 = COMMON 2 = DURUM 3 = EMMER 4 = SPELT	= POLISH 6 = POULARD	7 = CLUB
2. TYPE:		
2 1 = SPRING 2 = WINTER 3 = OTHER (Specify)	1 = SOFT 3 = OT 2 = HARD	HER (Specify)
2 1 = WHITE 2 = RED 3 = OTHER (Specify)		
3. SEASON - NUMBER OF DAYS FROM EMERGENCE TO:		
2 3 0 FIRST FLOWERING	2 3 7 LAST FLOW	ERING
4. MATURITY (50% Flowering):	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
NO. OF DAYS EARLIER THAN	1 1 = ARTHUR 2	= SCOUT 3 = CHRIS
3 NO. OF DAYS LATER THAN	4 = LEMHI 5 = 1	NUGAINES 6 = LEEDS
5. PLANT HEIGHT (From soil level to top of head):	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
9 1 см. нібн		
CM. TALLER THAN		
1 2 CM. SHORTER THAN		SCOUT 3 = CHRIS
PLANT COLOR AT BOOTING (See reverse):	4 = LEMHI 5 = 1 7. ANTHER COLOR:	
2 1 = YELLOW GREEN 2 = GREEN 3 = BLUE GREEN	[7]	JRPLE
STEM:		<u> </u>
Anthocyanin: 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT	2 Waxy bloom: I = ABSE	NT 2 = PRESENT
Hairiness of last internode of rachis: 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT	1 Internodes: 1 = HOLLO	w 2 = SOLID
4 NO. OF NODES (Originating from node above ground)	1 7 CM. INTERNODE	LENGTH BETWEEN FLAG LEAF W
AURICLES:		
2 Anthocyanin: 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT	Hairiness: = ABSEN	r 2 = PRESENT
. LEAF:	·	<u> </u>
Flag leaf at 1 = ERECT 2 = RECURVED booting stage: 3 = OTHER (Specify):	2 Flag leaf: 1 = NOT TW	ISTED 2 = TWISTED
Hairs of first leaf sheath: = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT	2 Waxy bloom of flag leaf	sheath: 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT
12 MM. LEAF WIDTH (First leaf below flag leaf)	2 5 CM. LEAF LENGT	H (First leaf below flag leaf):

8500062

II. HEAD:		
2 Density: 1 = LAX	2 = DENSE	Shape: 1 = TAPERING 2 = STRAP 3 = CLAVATE 4 = OTHER (Specify)
2 Awnedness: 1 = AWN	LESS 2 = APICALLY AWNLETED 3	= AWNLETED 4 = AWNED
2 Color at maturity: 1 = 5 =	WHITE 2 = YELLOW 3 = PINK 4 = BROWN 6 = BLACK 7 = OTHE	RED R (Specily):
0 6 CM. LENGTH		15 MM. WIDTH
12. GLUMES AT MATURIT Length: 1 = SHORT (3 = LONG (C	CA. 7 mm.) 2 = MEDIUM (CA. 8 mm.)	Width: 1 = NARROW (CA. 3 mm.) 2 = MEDIUM (CA. 3.5 mm.) 3 = WIDE (CA. 4 mm.)
Shoulder 1 = WANTH shape: 4 = SQUAR	NG 2 = OBLIQUE 3 = ROUNDED E 5 = ELEVATED 6 = APICULATE	2 Beak: 1 = OBTUSE 2 = ACUTE 3 = ACUMINATE
13. COLEOPTILE COLOR:		14. SEEDLING ANTHOCYANIN:
1 1 = WHITE 2 = RE	D 3 = PURPLE	2 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT
15. JUVENILE PLANT GRO	WTH HABIT:	
2 1 = PROSTRATE	2 = SEMI-ERECT 3 = EREC	T
16. SEED:		
1 Shape: 1 = OVATE	2 = OVAL 3 = ELLIPTICAL	1 Cheek: 1 = ROUNDED 2 = ANGULAR
Brush: 1 = SHORT	2 = MEDIUM 3 = LONG	1 Brush: 1 = NOT COLLARED 2 = COLLARED
Phenol reaction (See instructions):	1 = IVORY 2 = FAWN 3 = LT. BROWN 4 = BROWN 5 = BLACK	
3 Color: 1 = WHITE	2 = AMBER 3 = RED 4 = PURPLE	5 = OTHER (Specify)
0 6 MM. LENGTH	0 3 MM. WIDTH	3 4 GM. PER 1000 SEEDS
17. SEED CREASE:		
	ESS OF KERNEL 'WINOKA'	Depth: 1 = 20% OR LESS OF KERNEL 'SCOUT'
2 = 80% OR LE	SS OF KERNEL 'CHRIS'	2 = 35% OR LESS OF KERNEL 'CHRIS' 3 = 50% OR LESS OF KERNEL 'LEMHI'
	S WIDE AS KERNEL 'LEMHI'	3 - 50% OR LESS OF REAREL CEMIN
	ed, 1 = Susceptible, 2 = Resistant) Natural Safe Bust Natural	
2 STEM RUST 2 (Races) 151.15		e 0 STRIPE RUST (Races) LOOSE SMUT
2 POWDERY MILDEW	O BUNT	2 OTHER (Specify) septoria tritici blotch
19. INSECT: (0 = Not Teste	d, 1 = Susceptible, 2 = Resistant)	
1 SAWFLY	2 APHID (Bydv.)	O GREEN BUG 1 CEREAL LEAF BEETLE
OTHER (Specify)	HESSIAN FLY	2 GP 2 A 2 B 1 C
	RACES:	1 D E G
20. INDICATE WHICH VARIE	TY MOST CLOSELY RESEMBLES THAT S	UBMITTED:
CHARACTER	NAME OF VARIETY	CHARACTER NAME OF VARIETY
Plant tillering	Abe	Seed size Beau
Leaf size	Compton	Seed shape Abe
Leaf color	Arthur	Coleoptile elongation Abe
Leaf carriage	Caldwell	Seedling pigmentation Auburn

INSTRUCTIONS

GENERAL: The following publications may be used as a reference aid for the standardization of terms and procedures for completing this form:

- (a) L.W. Briggle and L. P. Reitz, 1963, Classification of Triticum Species and Wheat Varieties Grown in the United States, Technical Bulletin 1278, United States Department of Agriculture.
- (b) W.E. Walls, 1965, A Standardized Phenol Method for Testing Wheat Seeds for Varietal Purity, contribution No. 28 to the handbook of seed testing prepared by the Association of Official Seed Analysts. (See attachment.)

LEAF COLOR: Nickerson's or any recognized color fan should be used to determine the leaf color of the described variety-

14D. Exhibit D, Additional Description of the Variety

Plant color at booting is medium green like Arthur 71. The flag leaf is recurved to inclined at booting similar to Caldwell. The leaf below the flag leaf is about the width of that of Caldwell but averages longer than leaves of Caldwell (25 cm vs 19 cm). The auricles may exhibit moderate levels of anthocyanin.

A slight waxy bloom is generally present on the stem and slight anthocyanin may be present. The peduncle is snaky (wavy).

The spike is mid-dense with awnlets most prominent at the tip of the spike.

Adder was resistant in the seedling stage to some cultures of races 11-32-113, 151, and 15B of <u>Puccinia graminia</u> in tests of the ARS-USDA Cereal Rust laboratory, St. Paul, Minnesota in 1984. In the adult stages Adder is moderately resistant to powdery mildew and to leaf rust occurring naturally at Lafayette Indiana. It has moderate resistance to the septoria tritici blotch disease and to Rhizoctonia spring blight and take-all.

Table 1. Comparative performance of wheat varieties in nursery yield trails at Lafayette, Indiana, 1980-1984.

Variety	Yield bu/A	Test wt. lb/bu*	Kernel wt. g/1000	Headed May	Height cm	Pre-ripe straw score**
			5-yeaı	average		
Adder	76.7	59.6	34.0	25.6	88	2.9
Compton	74.5	61.0	36.6	24.9	97	3.9
Auburn	78.3	60.4	31.0	25.0	97	3.2
Caldwell	83.3	60.8	30.6	22.6	96	3.0
Fillmore	76.0	60.9	34.1	27.2	105	3.6
Beau	67.4	61.6	37.0	24.4	96	3.6
Arthur	73.2	61.3	36.7	22.4	100	5.2
Monon .	64.9	60.4	33.5	21.8	105	5.9
BLSD [†]	7.9	1.9	2.4	1.3	6.6	1.4
C.V.%	8.0	1.6	5.6	4.4	5.2	27.2

^{*} Four year average.

^{**}Straw scored from 0 = erect to 9 = lodged flat.

[†] BLSD = The Waller-Duncan Bayesian k ratio (at k=100) for the test of significance of the difference between any two variety means.

Table 2. Comparative performance of wheat varieties in field plots in northwestern Indiana (Porter County) , 1981-1984*.

Variety	Yield (bu/A)	Test wt (lb/bu)	Date headed (moday)	Plant height (in)	Post-ripe lodging (%)	Winter killing (%)
		<u></u>	4-year aver	age		
Caldwell	74.4	57.9	6-02	 37	12	1
Auburn	73.7	59.7	6-03	37	4	2
Fillmore	71.5	59.8	6-05	3 8	5	2
Adder	71.5	58.0	6-04	34	3	2
Pike	71.1	58.1	6-03	39	10	1
Compton	69.5	59.6	6-04	36	7	2
Titan	66.2	57.0	6-06	41	11	2
S76	65.9	58.9	6-03	37	4	1
Beau	64.9	60.5	6-03	38	6	2
Hart	64.6	58.7	6-03	39	7	2
Roland	64.3	57.8	6-04	35	10	2
Arthur	63.9	60.0	6-02	39	21	2
Monon	57.2	58.6	6-01	43	24	$\bar{1}$
BLSD**	7.9	1.3	2	2	22	NS
C.V.(%)	6.1	1.5	3	4	55	64

Data from Performance trials of K. M. Day and reported in part in Purdue Univ. Agric. Exp. Stn. Bull. No. 454, 1984.

^{**}BLSD = The Waller-Duncan Bayesian K ratio (at K = 100) for the test of significance of difference between any two variety means.

(Copyright 1985 Purdue Research Foundation)

Table 3. Comparative performance of wheat varieties in field plots in west central indiana (Tippecanoe County), 1981 and 1983-84*.

Variety	Yield (bu/A)	Test wt (lb/bu)	Date headed (moday)	Plant height (in)	Post-ripe lodging (%)	Winter killing (%)
			3-year ave	erage	,	
Caldwell	89.6	58.2	5-29	40	8	0
Adder	86.7	58.1	6-02	38	3	Ō
Pike	85.3	58.6	5-30	41	4	Ŏ
Compton	85.2	60.6	6-01	40	8	0
Auburn	84.2	59.4	5-31	41	8 3 3	0
S76	81.9	59.7	5-31	41	3	0
V8088	81.8	56.5	5-31	43	8	0
Fillmore	80.8	59.6	6-01	44	14	Ō
Roland	80.2	58.8	5-31	38	4	0
Hart	75.4	59.8	5-29	42	3	0
Titan	75.3	57.8	6-03	45	5	0
Beau	74.0	61.6	5-30	40	4	0
Arthur	73.0	60.6	5-29	43	12	0
Monon	63.6	58.8	5-28	45	23	0
Vigo	55.3	59.0	6-05	57	20	0
BLSD**	8.4	2.4		2	NS	NS
C.V.(%)	5.3	1.1		3	64	

Data from performance trials of K. M. Day and O. W. Luetkemeier and reported in part in Purdue Univ. Agric. Exp. Stn. Bull. No. 454, 1984.

^{**}BLSD = the Waller-Duncan Bayesian K ratio (at K = 100) for the test of significance of the difference between any two variety means.

(Copyright 1985 Purdue Research Foundation)

Table 4. Comparative performance of wheat varieties in special late seeded field plots in west central Indiana (Tippecanoe County), 1983 and 1984*.

Variety	Yield (bu/A)	Test wt (1b/bu)	Date headed (moday)	Plant height (in)	Post-ripe lodging (%)	Winter killing (%)
			2-year a	verage		<u></u>
Caldwell	84.6	59.8	6-03	39	6	3
Adder	84.6	58.7	6-06	38	1	3
Compton	82.6	61.7	6-06	39	3	3
Auburn	80.0	59.8	6-04	40	6	3
Fillmore	76.7	61.2	6-06	42	19	2
Arthur	76.3	61.9	6-03	42	4	
Monon	66.0	61.1	6-02	45	12	3 3
BLSD**	6.0	1.2		2	_ _	NS
C.V.(%)	5.4	0.9		2		22

Data from performance trials of K. M. Day and O. W. Luetkemeier and reported in part in Purdue Univ. Agric. Exp. Stn. Bull. No. 454, 1984.

^{**}BLSD = the Waller-Duncan Bayesian K ratio (at K = 100) for the test of significance of the difference between any two variety means. (Copyright 1985 Purdue Research Foundation)

Table 5. Comparative performance of wheat varieties in field plots in east central Indiana (Randolph County), 1981-1984*.

Variety	Yield (bu/A)	Test wt (1b/bu)	Date headed (moday)	Plant height (in)	Post-ripe lodging (%)	Winter killing (%)
			4-year a	verage		
Pike	62.6	56.1	5-28	39	12	3
Caldwell	61.9	54.4	5-27	38	8	3
Auburn	60.2	56.6	5-29	39	10	2
Adder	58.9	54.9	5-30	36	7	4
Compton	58.3	56.9	5-29	38	21	4
Roland	58.3	55.6	5-29	36	8	3 3
Hart	57.9	56.7	5-28	40	7	3
Fillmore	57.3	57.7	5-31	41	13	4
Beau	56.2	58.6	5-28	40	14	3
Titan	54.4	55.7	6-02	42	13	4
Arthur	54.3	57.8	5-26	40	19	4 3 2
Monon	47.8	56.8	5-25	42	23	2
BLSD*	7.2	1.9		2	NS	_
C.V.(%)	11.2	1.9		5	66	

Data from performance trials of K. M. Day and reported in part in Purdue Univ. Agric. Exp. Stn. Bull. No. 454, 1984.

^{**}BLSD = the Waller-Duncan Bayesian K ratio (at K = 100) for the test of significance of the difference between any two variety means. (Copyright 1985 Purdue Research Foundation)

Table 6. Comparative reactions to virus diseases of wheat varieties in disease nurseries, 1980-1984*.

Soil-borne mosaic**		Yellow dwarf incited by BYDV		Wheat s streak	
Variety —	(5) +	(3)#	(2) g	1981-1982	1983-1984
Adder	3.2	7.3	4.3	4.5	3.0
Compton	4.3	6.6	4.1	4.5	2.0
Auburn	4.6	5.2	3.8	5.0	6.0
Caldwell	5.2	4.6	4.3	5.5	5.0
Fillmore	4.3	5.2	4.3	6.0	3.0
Beau	4.4	5.3	4.5	4.0	5.0
Arthur	4.5		4.9		6.0
Monon	1.9	4.5	3.6	3.5	3.0

^{*} Reactions are scored from 0 = immune to 9 = very susceptible.

 $[\]star\star$ Reactions in the soil-borne mosaic nursery at Urbana, Illinois.

[†] Number of years in a mean.

[#] Average of 2 replications with PAV virus strain, 1980-82.

ξ Average of 2 replications and two virus strains, PAV and RPV, 1983-84.

Table 7. Adult plant reactions in the field to septoria tritici leaf blotch.

	Ç	Severity score (0-10) and reaction type*					
Variety	198(1981	1982	1983	— ₁₉₈₄		
Adder	5 E	7.5	4	4.5 C	6.0 A		
Compton	5 E	8.0	5	5.0 C	6.0 C		
Auburn	5 <i>F</i>	7.0	5	4.0 A-B	6.0 C		
Caldwell	6 <i>F</i>	8.0	6	4.5 B	6.0 A		
Fillmore	5 (7.5	6	4.0 B	6.0 C		
Beau	7 (8.0	6	6.0 C	6.0 C		
Arthur	7 E		6	6.5 C	6.0 B		
Monon	8 0		7	6.5 C-D	6.5 C		

Severity scored from 0 = no leaf necrosis to 10 = all leaves necrotic on a whole plant basis before natural leaf senescence. Reaction type: A = no pycnidia in lesions.

Table 8. Reaction to powdery mildew in the adult plant stage in the field at Lafayette, Ind.*

	Pow	dery mildew n the field	, (%)	
Variety	1980	1981	1984	
Adder	5	1	5	
Compton	0	Tr	5	
Auburn	Tr	Tr	0	
Caldwell	Tr	3	ĺ	
Fillmore	0	1	Õ	
Beau	Tr	5	5	
Arthur	10	10	5	
Monon	5	60	5	

^{*} Naturally occurring races of the **Erysiphe** graminis.

^{**} Percent of leaf area affectd (Tr = trace).

Table 9. Leaf rust severity and reaction type at the adult plant stage in the field and to a leaf rust fungus (Puccinia recondita) culture virulent to the Lr9 source of resistance in the seedling stage.

	Lea	af rust infecti	on and infectio	n type	
Variety	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984
	Severity	and adult rea	ction type in t	he field**	
Adder	0	1 MR-MS	Tr R,few 30S	5	Tr
Compton	0	O R-TrMS	Tr R	0	0
Auburn	Tr	2 R	Tr R	Tr	0
Caldwell	Tr	O R	15 HR-MS	Tr	5
Fillmore	0	10 R-15MS	Tr, few 10S	Tr	Tr
Beau	Tr	20 S	60 S	15	10
Arthur	20	30 S	70 S	30	7
Monon	40	60 S	80 S	70	5
		Seed	ling reaction [†]		
Adder	4, 1N	3	3 C, ON	3	3
Compton	0	0	0 C	0 N, 2	ŌΝ
Auburn	4, 2 C	3, 0	3, 0	3	3+, 01
Caldwell	4, 0 CN	3	3+	4	4
Fillmore	1N to 2N	3, 1, ON	2 C	4, 2	3- N
Beau	4, 0 C	3	3+	4	3
Arthur	3 C, O N	3	3+	4	3
Monon	4	3	3+	4	3 3 4

^{*} To races of the pathogen occurring naturally at Lafayette, Indiana.

^{**} Percent of flag leaf area (modified Cobb scale) covered by uredinia, and reaction types:

R = resistant fleck or necrotic reaction; S = large sporulating uredinia; H = highly and M = moderately; Tr = Trace.

Seedling reactions from 0 = immune to 4 = highly susceptible; N = necrosis; and C = chlorosis.

Table 10. Comparative response of wheat varieties to Rhizoctonia spring blight and take-all at Knox, Indiana in 1982 - 1984[†].

	Disease index						Yield		
	Rhizoctonia*			Take-all**			g/4-foot row		
Variety	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	1984
Adder	16	20	0	7.5	4.0	1.8	64	98	118
Compton	22	30	0	8.3	3.8	2.0	-	81	108
Auburn	32	12	0	7.8	4.0	2.0	62	89	108
Beau	33	28	0	8.5	5.3	3.0	40	64	94
Caldwell	35	35	0	5.8	4.8	3.1	56	60	91

^{*} Percent stand reduction by Rhizoctonia spring blight.

Table 11. Comparative response of wheat varieties to the take-all disease at Lafayette, Indiana, in 1982-84*.

White heads (%)		Disease score* 0-4		Yield plot [†] g		
Variety	1982	1983	1984	1982	1983	1984
Adder	45.0	2.75	2.0	112	293	316
Compton	27.5		1.5	108		291
Auburn	20.0	2.25	1.5	110	236	296
Caldwell	50.0	2.75		55	167	
Abe	35.0	3.00	2.3	41	148	227

In a nursery with the soil artificially infested with Gaeumannomyces graminis and then grown in continuous wheat for 6 years. Data are from the research of G.E. Shaner and G.C. Buechley, Plant Pathologists, Purdue University.

^{**} Root rot index at late flowering stage; 0 = no infection to 10 = 100% infection.

Research data of D. M. Huber, Plant Pathologist, Purdue University in a test with high severity of infection.

 $^{^{**}}$ 0 = symptomless to 4 = severe take-all.

Two replications in 1982 and one in 1983 with 8 square feet harvested per plot. In 1984 3 replications were harvested with 12 square feet harvested per plot.

Table 12. Quality characteristics of wheat varieties as determined by the Soft Wheat Quality Laboratory, Wooster, OH.

Variety	Milling quality score	Baking quality score				
	1979 Advanced Yield Nursery, Lafaye	ette, Indiana				
Adder Auburn Caldwell	110A‡ 106A 110A	115A 108A				
Beau	110A 111A 100A 100A 1980 Advanced Yield Nursery, Lafayette, Indiana					
Adder Auburn Caldwell	111A 109A 112A	113A 85D 96B				
Beau Sullivan**	95C 100A 1981 Indiana Drill Plot Composite of	90C 100A				
Adder Auburn Caldwell Beau	113A 108A 111A 100A 1982 Indiana Drill Plot Composite of	108A 92C 115A 100A				
Adder Auburn Caldwell** Beau	89.7D 91.1C 100.0A 78F 1983 Indiana Drill Plot Composite of	98.9B 83.5E 100.0A 80.3E				
Adder Auburn** Caldwell Beau	106.0A 100.0A 106.9A 93.9C	101.5A 100.0A 96.4B 89.5D				

^{*} Test sample size = 500 g.

 $[\]star\star$ The varietal standard for the respective tests.

[†] Test sample size = 9 kg.

^{*} Letters following scores indicate quality classification based on several characters in relation to the standard variety. A = as good or better than the standard; B = detectably lower quality for one character based on established laboratory precision; C = detectable lower quality for two characters; etc.



Agricultural Marketing Service Livestock, Meat, Grain, and Seed Division National Agricultural Library Building Beltsville, MD. 20705

PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE

Gentlemen:

Subject: Application No. 8500062

Variety and Kind: 'Adder' Wheat

As provided in section 83(a) of the Plant Variety Protection Act, 7 U.S.C. 2321, we request that the Certificate on the above variety be issued with a notation on the Certificate that the right to exclude others from selling, offering for sale, reproducing, importing or exporting the variety covered by this Certificate, or using it in producing a hybrid or different variety is waived, except that this waiver shall not apply to breeders seed, foundation seed, labeling requirements, and blending limitations.

It has been agreed that the Certificate should be issued in the name(s) of:

PURDUE UNIVERSITY USDA-ARS

J-15-84 (Date) (Signature)